

**Amendments To The Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A security sticker, comprising:

a surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  that has a weak affinity with a sublimable dye and allows the dye to penetrate;

a print layer  $[(B)]$  that has an affinity with the dye and comprises an image formed in a thickness direction of the layer by the dye;

a self-destructive film element ~~layer~~  $(C1)$ ; and

a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer  $[(D1)]$  in this order,

wherein the self-destructive film element ~~layer~~  $(C1)$  comprises at least a dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  for preventing migration of the dye and a self-destructive layer  $[(F)]$ ,

the print layer  $[(B)]$  contains a low-molecular-weight compound with a molecular weight of 1300 or less in an amount of 0% to 20 wt% inclusive,

the dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  is a resin layer containing a vinyl resin with a glass transition temperature ( $T_g$ ) of 70°C or more and a SP value of 9.0 or more as a main component, or is a biaxially stretched film that is stretched by 10% or more in a winding direction and in a width direction respectively, the film having a shrinkage ratio of 1.0% or less in the winding direction after being heated at 150°C for 30 minutes.

2. (Currently Amended) The security sticker according to Claim 1, wherein

the dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  is a resin layer containing a vinyl resin with a glass transition temperature ( $T_g$ ) of 70°C or more and a SP value of 9.0 or more as a main component, and

a flexible resin layer  $[(G)]$  with an elongation percentage larger than an elongation percentage of the dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  is present

between the dye migration preventive resin layer [(E)] and the pressure-sensitive adhesive layer [(D1)].

3. (Canceled)

4. (Currently Amended) The security sticker according to claim 1, wherein the self-destructive layer [(F)] is a film obtained by subjecting a fragile film or a supporting film to a regular or irregular releasing treatment, or a film comprising a hologram or a diffraction grating.

5. (Currently Amended) The security sticker according to claim 1, wherein the surface resin layer [(A)] is a white resin layer.

6. (Currently Amended) The security sticker according to claim 1, wherein an image formed in the print layer [(B)] comprises vehicle information comprising a registration number of the vehicle.

7. (Original) The security sticker according to Claim 6, wherein the vehicle information comprises individual information concerning ownership.

8. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing the security sticker according to Claim 1,

wherein the dye migration preventive resin layer [(E)] is a resin layer containing a vinyl resin with a glass transition temperature (T<sub>g</sub>) of 70°C or more and a SP value of 9.0 or more as a main component,

the method comprising

a dyeing step of heat-treating an original sheet of a security sticker [(1)] for obtaining a print layer [(B)],

the original sheet of the security sticker  $[(1)]$  comprising:

a surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  that has a weak affinity with a sublimable dye and allows the dye to penetrate;

an image formation resin layer  $[(K)]$  that contains a low-molecular-weight compound with a molecular weight of 1300 or less in an amount of 0% to 20 wt% inclusive, and has an affinity with the dye;

a self-destructive film element layer  ~~$(C1)$~~ ; and

a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer  $[(D1)]$  in this order,

wherein the self-destructive film element layer  ~~$(C1)$~~  comprises at least a dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  for preventing migration of the dye and a self-destructive layer  $[(F)]$ , and

the dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  is a resin layer containing a vinyl resin with a glass transition temperature ( $T_g$ ) of 70°C or more and a SP value of 9.0 or more as a main component,

so as to sublimate the dye from the surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  side, allow the dye to penetrate the surface resin layer  $[(A)]$ , introduce the dye into the image formation resin layer  $[(K)]$ , and form an image in the image formation resin layer  $[(K)]$  in a thickness direction of the image formation resin layer  $[(K)]$ .

9. (Currently Amended) The method for manufacturing a security sticker according to Claim 8, wherein the dyeing step is a step for obtaining the print layer  $[(B)]$ ,

the dyeing step comprising:

printing on a transfer paper by using an ink containing the dye so as to form an image on the transfer paper;

contacting subsequently a surface of the transfer paper on which the image is formed with the surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  of the original sheet of the security sticker  $[(1)]$ ; and then

treating by heat,

the method further comprising a step of removing the transfer paper after the heat treatment.

10. (Currently Amended) The method for manufacturing a security sticker according to Claim 8, further comprising a step of forming at least one releasable ink receptive layer  $[(L)]$  on the surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  of the original sheet of the security sticker  $[(1)]$  in advance,

the releasable ink receptive layer  $[(L)]$

being able to display by print,

having absorption of an ink containing the dye on a surface side that is not contact with the surface resin layer  $[(A)]$ ,

being able to be subjected to heat treatment for sublimating the dye and allowing the dye to penetrate the surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  so as to form an image in the image formation resin layer  $[(K)]$ , and

being able to be released in a state of a film from the surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  after the heat treatment,

wherein the dyeing step is a step for obtaining the print layer  $[(B)]$ ,

the dyeing step comprising printing on the ink receptive layer  $[(L)]$  by using the ink containing the dye, and then treating by heat,

the method still further comprising a step of releasing the ink receptive layer  $[(L)]$  after the heat treatment.

11. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing the security sticker according to Claim 1, wherein the dye migration preventive resin layer [(E)] is a biaxially stretched film that is stretched by 10% or more in a winding direction and in a width direction respectively, the film having a shrinkage ratio of 1.0% or less in the winding direction after being heated at 150°C for 30 minutes,

the method comprising

a dyeing step of heat-treating an original sheet of a security sticker [(2)] for obtaining a print layer [(B)],

the original sheet of the security sticker [(2)] comprising:

a surface resin layer [(A)] that has a weak affinity with a sublimable dye and allows the dye to penetrate;

an image formation resin layer [(K)] that contains a low-molecular-weight compound with a molecular weight of 1300 or less in an amount of 0% to 20 wt% inclusive, and has an affinity with the dye;

a self-destructive film element layer-(C1); and

a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer [(D1)] in this order,

wherein the self-destructive film element layer-(C1) comprises at least a dye migration preventive resin layer [(E)] for preventing migration of the dye and a self-destructive layer [(F)], and

the dye migration preventive resin layer [(E)] is a biaxially stretched film that is respectively stretched by 10% or more in a winding direction and in a width direction, the film having a shrinkage ratio of 1.0% or less in the winding direction after being heated at 150°C for 30 minutes,

so as to sublimate the dye from the surface resin layer [(A)] side, allow the dye to penetrate the surface resin layer [(A)], introduce the dye into the image formation resin layer [(K)], and form an image in the image formation resin layer [(K)] in a thickness direction of the image formation resin layer [(K)].

12. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) The method for manufacturing a security sticker according to Claim 11, wherein the dyeing step is a step for obtaining the print layer [(B)],

the dyeing step comprising:

printing on a transfer paper by using an ink containing the dye so as to form an image on the transfer paper;

contacting subsequently a surface of the transfer paper on which the image is formed with the surface resin layer [(A)] of the original sheet of the security sticker [(2)]; and then

treating by heat,

the method further comprising a step of removing the transfer paper after the heat treatment.

13. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) The method for manufacturing a security sticker according to Claim 11, further comprising a step of forming at least one releasable ink receptive layer [(L)] on the surface resin layer [(A)] of the original sheet of the security sticker [(2)] in advance,

the releasable ink receptive layer [(L)]

being able to display by print,

having absorption of an ink containing the dye on a surface side that is not contact with the surface resin layer [(A)],

being able to be subjected to heat treatment for sublimating the dye and allowing the dye to penetrate the surface resin layer [(A)] so as to form an image in the image formation resin layer [(K)], and

being able to be released in a state of a film from the surface resin layer [(A)] after the heat treatment,

wherein the dyeing step is a step for obtaining the print layer  $[(B)]$ , comprising printing on the ink receptive layer  $[(L)]$  by using the ink containing the dye, and then treating by heat,

the method still further comprising a step of releasing the ink receptive layer  $[(L)]$  after the heat treatment.

14-19. (Canceled)

20. (Currently Amended) An original sheet of a security sticker (1) for the method for manufacturing a security sticker according to Claim 8, comprising:

a surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  that has a weak affinity with a sublimable dye and allows the dye to penetrate;

an image formation resin layer  $[(K)]$  that contains a low-molecular-weight compound with a molecular weight of 1300 or less in an amount of 0% to 20 wt% inclusive, and has an affinity with the dye;

a self-destructive film element layer ~~(C1)~~; and

a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer  $[(D1)]$  in this order,

wherein the self-destructive film element layer ~~(C1)~~ comprises at least a dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  for preventing migration of the dye and a self-destructive layer  $[(F)]$ , and

the dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  is a resin layer containing a vinyl resin with a glass transition temperature ( $T_g$ ) of 70°C or more and a SP value of 9.0 or more as a main component.

21. (Withdrawn and Currently Amended) An original sheet of a security sticker  $[(2)]$  for the method for manufacturing a security sticker according to Claim 11, comprising:

a surface resin layer  $[(A)]$  that has a weak affinity with a sublimable dye and allows the dye to penetrate;

an image formation resin layer  $[(K)]$  that contains a low-molecular-weight compound with a molecular weight of 1300 or less in an amount of 0% to 20 wt% inclusive, and has an affinity with the dye;

a self-destructive film element layer ~~(C1)~~; and  
a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer  $[(D1)]$  in this order,  
wherein the self-destructive film element layer ~~(C1)~~ comprises at least a dye  
migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  for preventing migration of the dye and a self-  
destructive layer  $[(F)]$ , and  
the dye migration preventive resin layer  $[(E)]$  is a biaxially stretched film that  
is stretched by 10% or more in a winding direction and in a width direction respectively,  
the film having a shrinkage ratio of 1.0% or less in the winding direction after being  
heated at 150°C for 30 minutes.

22-26. (Canceled)